

BULLETIN

PUBLICATION CONJOINTE DE / JOINT PUBLICATION OF
SOCIÉTÉ CANADIENNE DE SCIENCE POLITIQUE
&
CANADIAN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION

Mai 1974

vol. III no 5

May 1974

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STATISTIQUES DEPARTEMENTALES/DEPARTMENTAL STATISTICS

Nous publions ici une première série de statistiques comparatives sur le nombre d'étudiants et de cours dans les différents départements de science politique. Nous avons pensé que les statistiques de ce genre peuvent nous permettre de savoir un peu plus ce qui se fait dans les autres départements. Malheureusement certaines ambiguïtés existent dans ces statistiques et parfois les chiffres sont difficilement comparables. Par exemple, en ce qui concerne le nombre de cours, ce n'est pas toujours clair si on parle en termes de cours annuels ou de cours semestriels (une des erreurs dans la formulation des questions).

An area where interesting differences emerge is that related to the introductory courses in political science. A number of patterns exist, a single course on political science in general, a single course on Canadian government, or a number of courses introducing the major sub-fields of political science (international relations, political thought, comparative government, etc...) It would be interesting to supplement the statistical information with a more qualitative discussion on introductory courses - anyone wishing to provide material on this is welcome.

Finally, many thanks to all the correspondents who replied - within an incredibly short space of time - to my letter. The number of replies exceeded my expectations. Although not every department is covered, most are.

* * * * *

We have added to the Department statistics two lists which complement the departmental information; a list of courses taught in various Canadian universities in Political Science Departments and a list of Institutes and Research Centres relevant to politics at Universities having Political Science graduate programs. This material was prepared for the CPSA meeting of Directors of Political Science Departments held in January 1974.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Number of Professors - full time 2. Number of Professors - part time 3. Undergraduate number of students enrolled in political science courses 4. (Comparable figures for 1972-73) 5. Master's program - Number of students enrolled full time. 6. Master's program - Number of students enrolled part time, or completing thesis requirements. 7. Doctorat program - Number of students enrolled full time 8. Doctorat program - Number of students enrolled part time, or completing thesis requirements. 9. Number of political science courses. 10. Number of courses open to undergraduate students. 11. Number of courses open to graduate students. 12. Introductory courses in political science (an asterix marks the course usually taken first). | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Nombre de professeurs - à plein temps 2. Nombre de professeurs - à temps partiel 3. Au premier cycle - nombre d'inscriptions dans les cours de science politique 4. (Chiffres comparatifs de 1972-73) 5. Au deuxième cycle - nombre d'étudiants inscrits à plein temps 6. Au deuxième cycle - nombre d'étudiants inscrits à temps partiel, ou en rédaction de thèse. 7. Au troisième cycle - nombre d'étudiants inscrits à plein temps 8. Au troisième cycle - nombre d'étudiants inscrits à temps partiel, ou en rédaction de thèse. 9. Nombre de cours de science politique. 10. Nombre de cours ouverts à des étudiants au premier cycle. 11. Nombre de cours ouverts à des étudiants au deuxième et troisième cycle. 12. Les cours de base en science politique (un astérix indique le cours qui généralement commence le programme). |
|---|---|

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
ACADIA	4	1	300	250	1	4	-	-	19	15	8	* P.S. 100 * P.S. 110
ALBERTA	21	2	1,711 full course	1,638 full course	17	10	17	22	128 both full and half	58	70	Pol. Sci. 200
BISHOPS	3	0	127	121	-	-	-	-	20 semester	20	-	Introduction to Politics & Gov't: Knowledge & Action Introduc. to Pol. & Gov't: Compar- ative politics Struct. of Can. Politics Can. Pol. Process
BRANDON	3	1	166	149	-	-	-	-	1 6 credits 31 3 credits	32	-	130 Introduc- tion to Poli- tics.
BRITISH COLUMBIA	20	3	2654 half course	3023	13 (on campus)	6 (off campus)	19 (on campus)	10 (off campus)	63	50	55	Introd. to the Gov't of Canada (Req'd: Majors & Honors) Compar. Foreign Governments Contemp Ideologies Theo. & Meth. of Pol. Science Internat. Relations
BROCK	12	1	733	about the same as 1973-1974	4	1	-	-	11 full 32 half	all	1 full 13 half	Politics 190 Introduction to Politics
CALGARY	16	0	2146	1936	7	8	1	1	81	68	Limit on number of undergra- duate courses possible	Pol. 201, 203, 205, 221*, 241, 261, 263, 281. (Students take 221 and one other of above in their first year).

CARLETON Rideau River campus St. Patrick's college	40	3	2652	2952	35	24	36	11	34 full 32 half 22 ext- ra sec- tions	18 full 24 half	Political Science 47.100 Introduction to Political Science	
	3	1	322 (full course)	507 (full course)	6	2	-	-	70 (se- mester)	58	12	* 78-100 Introd. to Pol. Studies 78-130 Introd. to Can. Gov't. 78-140 Introd. to Public Admin. in Canadian. 78-150 Contem. World Politics
GUELPH	13	3	1038	866	6	2	-	-	15	all	-	P.S. Lab.
LAKEHEAD	6	0	175	Decreased	-	-	-	-	36	all	-	Pol. 1000-Intr. to Pol. Sc. (in eng. & french)
LAURENTIAN	11	0	596	647	-	-	-	-	978 inscrip- tions 245 étudiants	45	19	* Principes d'analyse Pol. I et II * Principes de rel. inter. I et II * Principes d'admin. pub. I et II Principes d'économie pol. I et II (ou Macro-Economique) Idées Politiques I et II Système Politique du Canada
LAVAL	17	7	978 inscrip- tions 245 étudiants	185 étudiants	12	61	2	9	64	45	19	* P.S. 1000 Introd. to Pol. Studies * P.S. 2210 Canadian Gov't. and Politics
LETHBRIDGE	6	1	583 semester students	453 semester students	-	-	-	-	25 semester	all	-	* P.S. 1000 Introd. to Pol. Studies * P.S. 2210 Canadian Gov't. and Politics
LOYOLA	7	5	927 +478 Cegep students	711 +645 Cegep students	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
McGILL	18	2	1962	1732	63	-	54	-	91	59	32	211D, 212A, 221D, 231D, 244A * 1A6 An Int. to the Study of Pol. 206 Intr. to Pol. Theory 3G3 Intr. to Inductive Statistics
McMASTER	21	4	1445 (527 Adult	1588 (475 Adult	17	-	22	-	43	32	14	

MONTREAL	12	13	1111		en 1973-74 augmenté par rapport à 1972-1973	34	56	9	4	61	37	24	Pol 101, 102A, 102B, 110, 120A, 120B, 160
MEMORIAL	11	-	480	540		-	-	-	-	50	all	-	P.S. 1000-Intr. to Pol. (Can. Instits and processes) P.S. 1010 Can. Pol. Problems
MOUNT ALLISON	3	-	275	About the same as 1973-1974		-	-	-	-	10	10	-	* P.S. 100 Intro. to Pol. Ideas * P.S. 210 Intro. to Can. Gov't. * P.S. 220 Intro. to Am. Gov't.
NEW BRUNSWICK	8	1	401	380		3	3	-	-	25	21	4	* 1-2000 Int. to Politics 1-2020 Canadian Gov't and Politics
OTTAWA	17	5	1266	1165		21	24	-	1	83	66	27	Pol 1601 - Eléments de sc. politique Pol 1401 - Intro. to Pol. Science
UQAM	21	Pour 11 cours	1206 (Automne 1973) 1135 (Hiver 1974)	En 1973-74 Augmenté d'environ 10%		22	46	-	-	80	60	20	8 cours obligatoires à suivre avant les autres: analyse politique, relations internationales, administration publique, statistiques, méthodes et techniques, politique canadienne et québécoise, libéralisme, socialisme.
QUEENS	23	8	1092	For 1973-74 increase of 5%		19	10	28	14	71	49	37	110-Canadian Politics 130-Regimes and Ideologies 131-Introduction to Comparative Politics.
SASKATCHEWAN	13	-	848	844		5	13	1	1	29 full 9 half	21 full 6 half	8 full 3 half	Pol. Sc. 101

SIMON FRASER	Autonomous Dept. - Political Science and Government - Stats operations	May 1, 1974
SIR GEORGE WILLIAMS	7 10 1472 (including 299 cegpp students)	Pol Sc. 240 Compac Politics Pol Sc. 291 Public Law Pol Sc. 270 Inter. Relations Pol Sc. 330 Gov't and Politics of Canada.
ST. THOMAS	2 1 171	Politology 100 Intro.: Pol. Issues and Instits. Politology 110 Can. Politics.
TRENT	9 0 514	* Pol. 100 - Int. (Emphasis on democratic theory & Can. Public Policy Practice) Pol. 220 Inter. Politics Pol. 233 Introd. to Pol. Philosophy.
VICTORIA	9 2 776	* Pol. Sc. 200 Intro. to Pol. Sc. Pol. Sc. 216 Can. Gov't & Pol. (Major Revision for 1974-1975) * Pol. 100 - Canadian Gov't and Politics.
WATERLOO	10 3 1930 (Proportion of student/courses taught in arts faculty greater than in	P.Sc. 115 Generally Contemporary Political Ideologies P. Sc. 116 Various Topics - Inter. Politics, Comparative Politics, Democratic Theory.
WESTERN ONTARIO	23 3 1/2 1052	Pol Sc. 20 Pol Sc. 21A War and Politics 22A Capitalism and Democr. 23A Managing the City 24B Revel and Polit Change 25B Can. Pol. Issues 26B Citizen Participation (Two of Last six courses are taken)

WILFRID LAURIER	8	4	650	Slight Decline	12	0	-	-	27	24	3	P.S. 100 - Intro. to Politics and Gov't.
WINDSOR	15	-	890	807	11	5	-	-	42	32	10	100 110
WINNIPEG	7	3	708	636.5	-	-	-	-	25 currently offered (40 in calendar)	all	-	Introd. to Political Science.
YORK	41	2	1540	1530	16	4	28	18	58	51	21½	P.S. 201- Introduction to Political Science: Politics and Social Systems. P.S. 210- Introduction to Canadian Government and Politics. P.S. 244- Introduction to American Government and Politics.

LIST OF COURSES TAUGHT IN VARIOUS CANADIAN UNIVERSITIES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENTS

1. POLITICAL THEORY (THOUGHT)

History of Political Thought
 Perspectives of Modern Political Thought
 Modern Political Philosophy
 Systematic Political Theory
 Political Thought
 Systematic Study of Politics: Scope & Method
 Political Theories of Socialism and Anarchism
 Rousseau & Egalitarian Tradition
 Metaphysics and Political Thought
 Marxist Theory
 Thought of Machiavelli
 Thought of Locke
 Explanations & Theories in Political Science
 Political Philosophy
 Max Weber & Foundations of Social Science
 Man, Society & Politics: Concept of Community
 Seminar in Philosophy, Politics & Economics
 The State and the Economy
 Historical and Normative Theory
 Nationalism
 Social Theory
 Asian Political Thought
 Comparative Studies in the History of Political Thought
 Political Theories of Individualism
 Ancient and Medieval Political Thought
 The Political Theory of G.W.F. Hegel

2. CANADIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Problems of the North
 Political Process in Canada
 Cultural Dualism
 Canadian Legislatures
 Government of Canada
 The State and Economic Life
 The Judicial Process: Canada in a Comparative Context
 Political Leadership with Special Reference to Canada
 The Political Process in Canada
 Topics in Canadian Government
 Canadian Foreign Policy

2a. CANADIAN FEDERALISM

Canadian Federalism

2b. CANADIAN PUBLIC POLICY

Canadian Public Policy
 Policy Process in Canada
 Public Policy Evaluation

2c. CANADIAN POLITICAL PARTIES

Canadian Political Parties

2d. POLITICAL ECONOMY

Political Economy
 Political Economy, Theory of

3. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Problems in Canadian Public Administration
 Administrative Law
 Public Administration
 The Role of Bureaucracy in Policy-Making Processes

4. EMPIRICAL POLITICAL INQUIRY

Models for Political Analysis
 Research Methods & Data Analysis
 Empirical Political Theory
 Political Behaviour
 Political Attitudes
 Problems in Political Inquiry
 Empirical Political Analysis
 Quantitative Methods and Research Design

5. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS (POLITICS)

International Relations
 International Relations: East Asia
 Military & Strategic Studies
 Theories of War and Peace
 Soviet-American Relations
 International Politics of Africa
 Topics in International Politics
 Third World Politics in International Affairs
 Problems in Supranational Integration
 Topics in International Security

5a. FOREIGN POLICY

Foreign Policy of Major Far East Powers
 Foreign Policy
 Comparative Foreign Policy
 Canadian Foreign Policy
 Topics in Russian and Soviet Foreign Policy
 Elements of U.S. Foreign Policy

5b. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION

International Law Problems
 Politics of the Sea
 Problems of International Law and Relations
 International Organization
 Problems of International Law and Organization

6. POLITICAL PARTIES & MOVEMENTS

Political Parties & Movements

7. POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT

Theories of Political Development and Modernization
 Political Development
 Politics in Developing Areas
 Economic & Political Development
 Comparative Analysis of Development & Modernization
 Public Administration in Developing Societies
 Politics & Economic Development

8. COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS

Comparative Political Analysis
 Evolutionary & Revolutionary Political Systems
 Confl Resolutions
 Comparative Provincial and State Political Systems
 Comparative Politics
 Topics in Comparative Government
 Politics and Deviance
 Science and Government

8a. COMPARATIVE WESTERN SYSTEMS

Politics of Technology and Advanced Industrial Society
 Commonwealth Parliamentary Systems
 Politics of the USA
 West European Politics
 Problems of US Policy
 Canadian & US Political Traditions
 Public Administration in Developed Western Countries
 Topics of the Modern Commonwealth
 Topics in American Government and Politics

8b. COMPARATIVE THIRD WORLD SYSTEMS

African Politics and Government
 Politics and Government of South Asia
 Political & Social Change in Selected Areas in Asia
 Politics & Africa
 Coop. Tech. et Tiers Monde
 Politics in Africa South of Sahara
 Sinology
 Public Administration in Developing Countries
 Problems of Political Modernization in Asia
 Mass Approach to Political Development:China
 South Asian Politics
 Comparative Analysis of Development and Modernization
 Topics in African Government
 Politics and Government of Latin America
 Politics and Economic Development

8c. COMPARATIVE COMMUNIST SYSTEMS

Topics in Soviet Politics
 Comparative Communism
 Soviet Politics
 Yugoslavia: Political & Social and Economic Systems
 Problems of Communist Politics

9. CONSTITUTIONAL LAW
 Constitutional Law
 Constitutional Problems
10. PROVINCIAL POLITICS
 Provincial and Local Government
 Politics in Nova Scotia Since Confederation
 Provincial Public Administration
 Problems of Canadian Provincial Government Politics
11. FRENCH CANADA (QUEBEC POLITICS)
 Politics in French Canada
 Quebec Politics
 Cultures politiques au Québec
12. ELECTORAL SYSTEMS & VOTING BEHAVIOUR
 Electoral Systems & Voting Behaviour
13. PRESSURE POLITICS
 Les groupes et le pouvoir
 Pressure Politics
14. POLITICAL COMMUNICATION
 Political Communication
15. FEDERALISM
 Le fédéralisme
 Federalism in Older Federations
16. INTER-GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS
 Inter-Governmental Relations
17. PUBLIC POLICY ANALYSIS
 Politics of Public Expenditure
 Role of Bureaucracy in Policy-Making Processes
 Science Politics
 Public Policy Evaluation
18. LOCAL &/OR URBAN GOVERNMENT
 Urban Politics
 Local Government
19. POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY
 Political Sociology
20. STATISTICS
 Statistics

21. POLITICAL PSYCHOLOGY
Political Psychology
22. POLITICAL ANALYSIS OF ORGANIZATIONS
Integration and Organization
Political Analysis of Organizations
23. POLITICS OF ENVIRONMENT
Environmental Politics
24. POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS
Legal Process and Social Change
Machinery of Government
25. THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF HEALTH IN CANADA
The Political Economy of Health in Canada

January 10, 1974
CPSA

Institutes and Research Centres Relevant to Politics at
Universities having Political Science Graduate Programmes

University:

Alberta:

Faculty Committees on Canadian Studies
Soviet and Eastern Europe Studies
South-East Asia

British Columbia:

Institute for International Relations
Asian and Slavonic Studies Institute
Westwater Institute (Public Administration and Water
Research)
Urban Studies

Carleton:

Institute of Canadian Studies
Institute of Soviet and Eastern Europe Studies
School of International Affairs
School of Public Administration

Dalhousie:

Centre for Foreign Policy Studies
Institute of Public Affairs
School of Public Administration

Laval:

Centre québécois de relations internationales
Centre international de recherche sur le bilinguisme
Institut supérieur des sciences humaines
Centre de recherches en aménagement et développement

Manitoba:

Institute of Urban Studies

McGill:

Centre for Developing Area Studies
French Canada Studies Programme
Institute for Islamic Studies
Centre for East Asian Studies
Shastri Indo-Canadian Institute

Montreal:

Centre of Urban and Regional Planning

Ottawa:

Institut de coopération internationale

du Québec à
Montréal:

Centre de recherches urbaines et régionales
Centre interuniversitaire d'études européennes

Queen's:

Institute of Local Government
Institute of Intergovernmental Relations
Institute of Commonwealth and Comparative Studies

Saskatchewan:

French Canadian Studies Programme
Institute of Northern Studies

Toronto: Centre for Russian and East European Studies
Centre for Urban and Community Studies
Institute for the Quantitative Analysis of Social & Economic Policy

Victoria: School of Public Administration

Waterloo: School of Urban and Regional Planning

Windsor: Interdepartmental Programme of Urban Studies

York: Institute for Behavioural Research
Centre for Research on Environmental Quality

Statistique Canada - CCRSS Programme d'

ETUDES ANALYTIQUES RECENSEMENT 1971

Statistique Canada et le Conseil canadien de recherche en sciences sociales ont conclu un accord pour collaborer à un programme d'études analytiques sur le recensement national de 1971. Les chercheurs sont invités à proposer des projets qui feront un usage substantiel des données des recensements, en particulier du recensement canadien de 1971. L'objectif de ce programme est de promouvoir l'usage d'un ensemble considérable de données, acquises à un coût national assez élevé et organisées d'une façon plus flexible et plus facile d'accès qu'elles ne l'étaient auparavant, pour examiner les aspects importants de la société canadienne. Les chercheurs canadiens sont appelés à proposer et à exécuter des études au sein de ce programme.

Les fonds nécessaires à l'exécution des études choisies seront fournis par Statistique Canada. Le rôle du Conseil canadien de recherche en sciences sociales est de solliciter les soumissions, d'établir un mécanisme d'évaluation et d'aviser Statistique Canada quant aux meilleurs projets à subventionner. CCRSS s'occupera aussi des arrangements pour la publication des études complétées.

GENRE DE RECHERCHE ET CRITERES POUR L'EVALUATION

Toutes les études entreprises dans le cadre de ce programme doivent faire un usage substantiel des données du recensement canadien de 1971. Elles seront des études analytiques de problèmes importants. La pertinence et la valeur du plan de recherche, et la possibilité d'aboutir à des résultats entreront en ligne de compte dans la sélection des projets. On tiendra compte de l'ingéniosité de la recherche, de l'usage des données du recensement auparavant négligées et des qualifications de l'auteur de la soumission. Les questions étudiées devraient être d'intérêt général et non d'intérêt strictement local ou privé. Ce n'est pas l'intention du programme de subventionner la cueillette d'informations originales.

Un certain nombre des meilleures soumissions, un maximum de douze, selon leurs budgets, seront choisies pour être recommandées au Statisticien en Chef du Canada pour le support financier. Les projets recevant un support financier feront partie d'une série de publications entreprises conjointement par Statistique Canada et le Conseil canadien de recherche en sciences sociales.

Le choix des études à être recommandées pour le support financier sera fait par le comité directeur, choisi par le Conseil canadien de recherche en sciences sociales dans ce but. Le Comité directeur demandera l'aide d'experts pour l'étude des soumissions.

GENRE DE SUPPORT DONNE

Statistique Canada fournira le support financier nécessaire aux projets, recommandés par le Comité directeur du Conseil canadien de recherche en sciences sociales. Ce support se fera sous forme de contrats entre Statistique Canada et les chercheurs ou leurs institutions.

