Volume XVIII:1 (November/Novembre 1988)

- News from the Social Science Federation of Canada/
  Informations de la Fédération des sciences sociales du Canada
- Publications
- Job opportunities/Offres d'emploi
- Tribute to George Grant by Peter Emberley

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The Bulletin, published quarterly, provides its readers with university news briefs, notices of recent publications, job opportunities, upcoming conferences, and other items of interest.

In this issue brief notes on the Ontario Legislature and Federal Internships Programs are included, together with a special section contributed by the SSHRC. The Bulletin pays tribute in Memoriam to George Grant and Gilles Lalande, whose contributions to political science have been felt by all.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank Ted Moroz and Marion Armstrong for their help in preparing this issue.

The next Bulletin will be published in March 1989. If you have any comments or suggestions for future issues, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thank you for your cooperation in making the Bulletin a useful reference document.

Alain-G. Gagnon, Bulletin Editor
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Further information may be obtained from the CPSA office, CPSA, 12 Henderson Avenue, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ontario K1N 6N5
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Annonces publicitaires

Tarifs: Page de 2 colonnes (colonne de 3"), 5.00$ le pouce-colonne

Les annonces publicitaires acceptées pour le ler novembre et le ler avril seront incluses dans les numéros de novembre et de mai.

Pour d'autres renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le bureau de l'Association, ACSP, Université d'Ottawa, 12, av. Henderson, Ottawa, Ontario K1N 6N5
Tel: 613-564-4026.
En ce début d'année universitaire, j’aimerais faire un rapide tour d’horizon de la scène fédérale, et vous donner quelques nouvelles du CRSIC ainsi que de la Fédération.

**SUR LA SCÈNE FÉDÉRALE**

Les élections fédérales. Même si le Premier Ministre garde le suspense quant à la date des prochaines élections, tout porte à croire qu’il déclenchera le processus à l’automne, plutôt que d’attendre au printemps 1989. Quoiqu’il en soit, la Fédération des sciences sociales a décidé d’organiser, conjointement avec le Consortium National des Sociétés Scientifiques et Pédagogiques, un grand débat entre les trois parties politiques, afin de les amener à préciser leurs programmes en matière de financement à la RAD, à l’éducation supérieure, à l’aide aux étudiants, etc... Le débat, qui sera couvert par les médias, aura lieu en octobre, à Ottawa.

Le Programme de Réseaux de Centres d’Excellence. Comme vous le savez sans doute, le gouvernement a annoncé, en mai et juin derniers, la création d’un Programme national de réseaux de centres d’excellence. Le ne m’attarderai pas à décrire ce programme, qui a reçu une assez large publicité. Qu’il suffise de rappeler que le gouvernement compte y investir 240 millions de dollars, au cours des cinq prochaines années. Notre préoccupation première, en tant qu’organisme représentant les sciences sociales, a été de faire pression pour que le programme soit accessible à toutes les disciplines, et pour qu’il soit administré par les trois Conseils subventionnaires. Ce message a été répété maintes et maintes fois, en particulier lorsque la Fédération a comparu, avec la délégation du Consortium, devant le Comité de la Chambre sur la Recherche, la Science et la Technologie. Sur ces deux points, le gouvernement a donné satisfaction à la communauté universitaire, et je veux profiter de cette occasion pour remercier tous ceux et celles qui ont répondu à notre appel pour écrire ou téléphoner aux diverses instances décisionnelles.

Les budgets de base des Conseils de recherche. Sur ce chapitre également, on peut dire que le gouvernement s’est rendu, jusqu’à un certain point, aux représentations des communautés scientifiques. Une somme de 200 millions de dollars sera attribuée, au cours des cinq prochaines années, aux trois Conseils. Evidemment, cette somme est bien loin d’être suffisante pour doubler les budgets des trois Conseils, comme le recommandait, entre autres, le Comité consultatif national sur la science et la technologie, soutenu en cela par tous les organismes représentant les chercheurs. Ainsi, le CRSIC recevra un total cumulatif de 36 millions, sur cinq ans; le CRM recevra 61 millions, et le CRNG, pour sa part, 103 millions. Même si les sommes paraissent importantes, elles permettront à peine de préserver les budgets de base des Conseils des effets de l’inflation, estimée à 42%.

Tout ceci revient à dire que, dans le contexte préélectorale que nous vivons présentement, il convient de maintenir la pression auprès du gouvernement pour qu’il finance plus adéquatement la recherche.

**LOI SUR LE DROIT D'AUTEUR**

Depuis la dernière assemblée générale, il y a quelque peu progressé. Le 23 juin 1988, le projet de loi C-60 était adopté; cette première série d’amendements à la loi de 1924 est cependant loin d’être satisfaisante pour les usagers de documents protégés par le droit d’auteur. Nous avons donc continué à faire des représentations pour que la ministre Flora MacDonald dépose le plus vite possible, comme promis, la seconde série d’amendements qui soit assurer un meilleur équilibre entre les droits des producteurs et ceux des usagers. Dans une lettre qu’elle adressait au Président de la Fédération le 7 septembre, Mme MacDonald l’assurait que “le comité consultatif des organismes de production de droits de reproduction et de licence des œuvres littéraires et artistiques” est “…”

**NOUVEAUX DU CONSEIL DE RECHERCHE EN SCIENCES HUMAINES DU CANADA**


**GROUPE DE TRAVAIL SUR LE PROGRAMME DE SUBVENTIONS DE RECHERCHE**

En janvier dernier, le conseil consultatif national sur la science et la technologie a recommandé que le gouvernement, en plus des 200 millions de dollars déjà attribués, attribue 100 millions de dollars à l’avenir de la recherche en sciences humaines. Ce conseil a été reçu avec surprise et scepticisme par certains chercheurs, qui estiment que cette somme est insuffisante pour assurer une continuité dans le financement des sciences humaines. Cependant, il est important de noter que le Conseil de la Chambre a adopté le草案, qui prévoit une augmentation de la somme totale à 300 millions de dollars.

**NOUVEAUX DU CONSEIL DE RECHERCHE EN SCIENCES HUMAINES DU CANADA**

Le Conseil a approuvé un nouveau programme de subventions de recherche qui vise à encourager les chercheurs à mettre en place des projets innovants dans leurs domaines respectifs. Ce programme a été conçu pour répondre aux besoins spécifiques des sciences humaines et a été largement soutenu par les organismes représentatifs de cette discipline.

**COMITÉ DE RÉVISION DES BOURSES DE RECHERCHE DU CANADA**

Le CRSIC a approuvé un nouveau programme de bourses de recherche qui vise à encourager les chercheurs à poursuivre leurs activités de recherche. Ce programme a été conçu pour répondre aux besoins spécifiques des sciences humaines et a été largement soutenu par les organismes représentatifs de cette discipline.
FEDERATION UPDATE

In this first column of the academic year 1988-89, I will attempt to offer a brief overview of the situation on the federal scene and at the SSHRC. I will also give you some brief news of the Federation.

FEDERAL SCENE

Federal election. Even though the Prime Minister has kept the population in suspense regarding the date of the next election, the current rumour is that he will schedule an election for this fall, rather than wait for the spring of 1989. In any event, the Social Science Federation will be organizing, jointly with the National Consortium of Scientific and Educational Societies, a major debate where the three political parties will be invited to outline their program regarding RAD, post-secondary education, student aid, etc.... The debate will take place in October, in Ottawa, and will be covered by the media.

The Network of Centres of Excellence Program. As you all know, the Government announced, in May and June, details of the program for the establishment of Networks of Centres of Excellence. I will not deal at any length with this issue, which has been publicized widely. The Government will spend $240 million over the next five years on this program. As a Federation, we have been very active in lobbying the government on two principal issues: the opening of the program to all disciplines and the administration of the program by the three Granting Councils. When the Federation appeared, as part of a National Consortium delegation, before the House of Commons Committee on Research, Science and Technology (May 12, 1988), those two issues were addressed forcefully. On both counts, our efforts have paid off, and I wish to take this opportunity to thank all those who took the time to write or phone Ministers and government officials on this issue.

The Granting Council’s Base-Budgets. Here again, the Government has listened, up to a point, to the representations of the scholarly community: a sum of $200 million over the next five years has been allocated to the three granting councils. This is a far cry from the doubling of the Councils’ budgets over the next three years (this was, as you may remember, the recommendation of the HABST to the Prime Minister, and it had been endorsed by the scholarly community). The SSHRC will receive a cumulative total of $36 million over five years, while the Medical Research Council will receive $61 million and the NERSC $103 million. Although not insignificant, this increase is, in fact, barely sufficient to keep up with an inflation rate of 4%. One must infer from this, not surprisingly, that we must continue, especially in view of the upcoming election, to put pressure on the government for a more adequate funding of university research.

Copyright legislation. Some progress has been made, since the Spring, on the revision of the Copyright legislation. Bill C-60, which contains a first series of amendments, was adopted, and became law on June 8, 1988. The provisions of this first law do not, however, take into account sufficiently the needs and rights of the users of copyright material. The Federation, along with other national organizations, has therefore been pressing Minister Flora MacDonald to table, as soon as possible, a second series of amendments which will ensure reasonable access to copyright material. In a letter dated September 7, 1988, the Minister assures the SSFC that "the consultative committees on educational and library uses of copyright works, whose members represent institutions throughout the country, are currently working with departmental officials and it is expected that a consensus on all issues, including the points raised in your letter, will soon be reached. Please be assured that I intend to table the second set of amendments to the Copyright Act on a priority basis in the fall." I will keep you informed of any new developments.

NEWS FROM THE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES RESEARCH COUNCIL

A number of SSHRC groups are currently at work, reviewing programs or defining new priorities and orientations for the Council. It is expected that the Council will receive the reports of these working groups in December and that many of the larger issues will also be addressed during the Symposium that SSHRC is holding on January 12, 1989, on the occasion of its 10th anniversary. What follows is a brief review of the various SSHRC working groups.

Working group on the Research Grants Program. This group, chaired by John Courney, is conducting an in-depth review of the Research Grants Program. An interim report is expected in early October. Reactions from the community will be sought during October and November, and a final set of recommendations submitted to the Council in December. The Federation has established its own working group to study this issue. A preliminary draft report will be submitted shortly to the SSHRC Committee, and the Federation will naturally offer comments on the preliminary report, when it is published in October.

Working group on priorities. Chaired by Gilles Paquet, this group submitted a preliminary report to the Council in January 1988. A further report, which will incorporate the results of the recent consultation on SSHRC’s Strategic Programs, should be submitted to the Council in October and made public shortly afterwards. Here also, comments will be solicited, and it is expected that the final report will be studied by SSHRC in December.

Canada Research Fellowships Review Committee. This new committee, chaired by Geoffrey Lambert, is currently surveying the universities, the first cohort of Fellows and a few national organizations, including the SSFC, regarding the present functioning as well as the future orientation of the program. The final report of the Committee should be submitted to Council in December.

Federations and National Associations Review Committee. This working group is chaired by Frank Ledwell. Its mandate is to review the Federation’s funding of the Federations and other national organizations (Royal Society, ACFAS). A preliminary report should be published by the end of October, further consultations could be held, if necessary, in November, and a final report submitted to the Council in December.
Elections... L'élection au poste de Futur-président de la FCSS a été gagnée par Michel Allard. Il assumera ses fonctions en octobre, tout de suite après l'Assemblée générale annuelle... Conférence sur le curriculum de premier cycle. La Fédération organise, immédiatement après l'Assemblée générale annuelle, une conférence nationale sur le curriculum de premier cycle. Intitulée "Qui a peur de l'éducation libérale?", cette conférence regroupera un maximum de 150 personnes: nous avons voulu limiter ainsi les inscriptions de façon à favoriser les discussions, tant dans les plénières que dans les ateliers. Plusieurs conférenciers et conférencières de renom, dont Lise Bissonnette, présenteront des communications ou animeront des ateliers... Contacts avec les membres de la FCSS. Au cours des mois de mai et juin, j'ai eu le plaisir d'effectuer, avec le Président de la Fédération, plusieurs visites à nos universités-membres, au Québec. Nous avons également profité du Congrès des sociétés savantes pour rencontrer plusieurs associations. Ces rencontres sont d'une grande utilité pour les cadres et le personnel de la Fédération, en ce sens qu'elles donnent une connaissance de première main des problèmes vécus par les membres... Nouveau Bureau de direction, nouveau Directeur général. La composition du Bureau de direction, en 1988-1989, sera la suivante:

Présidente: Caroline ANDRE
Futur président: Michel ALLARD
Président sortant: Renée DAIGLE
Trésorière: Kenneth CRAIG
Vice-Présidente, relations extérieures: Jane GASKELL
Vice-Président, diffusion de la recherche: Jean CRETE
Vice-Président, politique scientifique: Marshall Wm. CONLEY
Ex Officio, Président de la FCCH: Thomas ROBINSON


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PUBLICATIONS


Brodie, Janina, (York), and Jenson, Jane, (Carleton), Crisis, Challenge and Change: Party and Class in Canada Revisited, Ottawa, Carleton University Press, 1988.


Campbell, Robert (Trent) and Pal, Leslie (Carleton), The Real Worlds of Canadian Politics, Peterborough, Broadview Press, 1989.


Duhamel, Luc, (Montréal), Le système politique de l'union soviétique, Montréal, Québec/Amérique, 1988.

Gagnon, Alain G., (Carleton), and Montcalm, Mary Beth (Manitoba), Québec: Beyond the Quiet Revolution, Scarborough, Nelson, 1989.


Kirton, John, and Donnelly, Michael, (Toronto), Japanese Investment and Technology in Canada, Joint Centre for Asia Pacific Studies, 1988.


Monlère, Denis, (Montréal), Le discours électoral: les politiciens sont-ils fiables?, Montréal, Québec/Amérique, 1988.


Pless, Micheline, (Montréal), Santé et sécurité au travail, Montréal, Agence d'Arc, 1988.


CONFERENCE CALENDAR/CONFERENCES

Colloque organisé par l'Entraide universitaire mondiale du Canada, en collaboration avec le comité local de l'EUMC à l'Université du Québec à Montréal et le Collège Ahuntsi: "Le Mozambique: le développement est-il possible dans un pays en guerre?"

Lieu: Université du Québec à Montréal
Date: soir du vendredi 3 février 1989 (conférences) et journée du 4 février (ateliers) et (plénières).

Coordonnateur: M. Yann Harnois
Entraide universitaire mondiale du Canada, 1550, Sherbrooke ouest
Montréal (QC) H3H 1C9
Tel. (514) 937-3457

For information: Prof. David Gudrosecs, Brock University, Tel. (416) 688-5550, Ext. 3316.

University of Prince Edward Island - APPSA Conference, Charlottetown, Fall 1989.

University of Ottawa/Université d'Ottawa: Colloque Annuel Faculté des Sciences Sociales/Annual Conference Faculty of Social Sciences.

Etat Providence et Société Civile: Vers une redéfinition des frontières entre l'Etat et la société civile? The Welfare State and Civil Society: Toward a redefinition of the boundaries between the state and civil society?

Janvier 26-27-28 January 1989

Comité d'organisation: François Houle, Science politique (613-564-5894), Ronald Melchert, Criminologie (613-564-5711), et J. Yvon Thériault, Sociologie (613-564-2349).

Durham Report Anniversary Conference
Trent University - Spring 1989
Contact: Jim Driscoll, Department of Political Studies

Annual General Meeting of the CFPS
Laval University, Québec City - June 1-3, 1989
Contact: André Blais, Programme Committee Chairperson
Dép. de Science Politique
Université de Montréal, CP 6128, Succ. "A"
Montréal, QC H3C 3J7

ECSS Annual Conference
University College of Wales, Aberystwyth
31 March-3 April 1989
Convener: Dr. Denis Balsem, International Politics
University College of Wales, Aberystwyth
SY23 3DB, UK

The Refugee Crisis: British and Canadian Responses,
International Research Symposium
Kable College, Oxford - 4-7 January 1989
Contact: The 1989 Symposium Organizer
Refugee Studies Programme
Queen Elizabeth House
Oxford OX1 3LA

Résolutions et Migrations: les Français des États-Unis
Montpellier (France) - 7-8 janvier 1989
Renseignements: Centre d'information et de recherche sur les cultures d'Amérique du Nord
Université Montpellier III, 50, 34032 Montpellier-Cedex France
CONFERENCE CALENDAR/COLLOQUES ET CONGRES (cont’d/suite)

CONGRÈS MONDIAL POUR LE BICENTENAIRE DE LA RÉVOLUTION: "L’IMAGE DE LA RÉVOLUTION FRANÇAISE"
Paris (France) – 6-12 juillet 1989
Renseignements:
Institut d’histoire de la Révolution française
Congrès mondial, Secrétariat général
17 rue de la Sorbonne, 75231 Paris Cedex 05
France

3e CONGRÈS DE L’ASSOCIATION DE RECHERCHES INTER-CULTURELLES (ARIC)
Sherbrooke – 23-26 août 1989

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SOUTHEAST COUNCIL FOR CANADIAN STUDIES
University of Central Florida in Orlando – February 17-19, 1989
Contact: Wayne Redily, President
Southeast Council for Canadian Studies
Rollins College, Dept. of Politics
Rollins, VA 24020
(703) 362-6355

COLLOQUIUM ON UNITED STATES-CANADIAN STUDIES
Sponsored by: Western Michigan University and the Canadian Consulate (Détroit)
March 15-25, 1989
Contact: Dr. Brad Hayden
719 Spruce Tower, Western Michigan University
Kalamazoo, MI 49008-5092
(616) 387-2597

WESTERN CANADIAN STUDIES GROUP ANNUAL MEETING
Albuquerque, New Mexico – April 16-19, 1989
Contact: Daniel J. O’Neill, President, WCGS
Dept. of Political Science
315 Social Sciences
University of Arizona
Tucson, AZ 85721
(602) 621-7600

15th ANNIVERSARY THIRD WORLD CONFERENCE
Chicago, Illinois – April 5-8, 1989
Contact: Dr. Roger K. Oden, Program Chair
Third World Conference Foundation
P.O. Box 53110, Chicago, IL 60653
(312) 241-6688; 534-5000 – ext. 2429

ALL-EUROPEAN CANADIAN STUDIES CONFERENCE 1990
The Netherlands – October 25-28, 1990
Contact: A.C.S.N., Van Neckstraat 29
2597 SB, ’S-Gravenhage, Holland
Tel. 070-244188

THE NORDIC ASSOCIATION FOR CANADIAN STUDIES/ASSOCIATION NORDIQUE DES ETUDES CANADIENNES
THIRD TRIENNAL CONFERENCE
University of Oslo, Norway – August 9-12, 1990
Contact: Per Seyersted, American Institute
University of Oslo, Box 1002
Blindern, Oslo 3, Norway

NEWS BRIEFS/NOUVELLES BREVES

UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Lonny Carlile (from University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign) has joined the Department as Assistant Professor, specializing in Japanese Politics.

Doug Ross has left to take up the Directorship of the new Centre for International Studies at Simon Fraser University.

David Elkins is President of the CPSA.

Richard Johnston is Program Director of the SSHRC Major Grant National Election Study.

Jean Laponce is President of the Academy of Humanities and Social Sciences of the Royal Society of Canada.

TRENT UNIVERSITY

Margaret Doyon is presently Barnette Miller Visiting Professor at Wellesley College.

David Kettel is presently a Visiting Professor at Bard College.

Robert Campbell is now Co-Editor of the Journal of Canadian Studies.

Blair Dimock has joined the Department.

David Morrison has been commissioned by the North-South Institute to do a study of CIDA.

Robert Campbell has been commissioned by the Economic Council of Canada to do a study on unemployment in Canada.

CARLETON UNIVERSITY

New Appointments:

Randy Newell (Yale) – Political Theory
Barbara Jenkins (Yale) – International Political Economy

Pauline Côté is the Post-Doctoral Fellow at Carleton for 1988-89.

UNIVERSITY OF SASKATCHEWAN

Effective July 1, 1988, D.J. Reisman was reappointed as Head of the Department of Political Science.

Richard Sigurdson is teaching in the Department as sabbatical replacement for J.M. Porter who is on sabbatical at Pomona College, California.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

The newest member of the Department is Evert Lindquist, a specialist in public administration and public policy. Evert’s primary field of interest is organizational behaviour. He is finishing his doctoral work on “Policy Institutes in Canada: The Organization and Relevance of Public Inquiry” at the School of Public Policy at the University of California at Berkeley.

McMASTER UNIVERSITY

Klaus Pringsheim has retired to become President of the Canada-Japan Trade Council.

New Appointments:

Charlotte Yates (from Wilfrid Laurier)
Geoffrey Underhill (from Stirling University, Scotland).
NEWS BRIEFS/NOUVELLES BREVES (cont'd/suite)

McGILL UNIVERSITY

New appointments:

James Booth (from Duke University) is a political theorist with a special interest in the linkage between political theory and political economy, and more particularly in the thought of Karl Marx.

Canada Research Fellowships:

Rex Brymen, who concentrates on the politics of developing areas, particularly the Arab world, and

Christopher Manfredi, whose speciality is public law as well as judicial behavior.

UNIVERSITE D'OTTAWA

Changement administratif

Francois-Pierre Gingras, Directeur intérimaire
Paul-N. Dussault, Responsable des études du 2e cycle
Serge Denis, Responsable des études du 1er cycle

UNIVERSITY OF CALGARY

From November 24 to December 15, 1988, Dr. Campbell Sharman of the University of Western Australia will be visiting the Department. Dr. Sharman is one of Australia's best known federal scholars, and has done substantive comparative work on the Canadian and Australian federal systems. As well as giving presentations and lectures in Calgary, Dr. Sharman will be speaking at the Universities of Alberta (in Edmonton) and Lethbridge.

DALHOUSIE UNIVERSITY

Peter Aucoin has been appointed a member, Advisory Council, of the federal government's new Canadian Centre for Management Development.

Robert Boardman became Chairperson of the Department on July 1, 1988.

Brian Crowley has been appointed as an Assistant Professor and is teaching in the political philosophy area.

Lee Dowdy has been appointed to a two-year position as an Associate Professor and is teaching in the area of international relations.

Dan Middelmen is on sabbatical leave and is carrying out research on the economics of defence policy.

Dale Poel has a research appointment during his sabbatical leave with the Nova Scotia Royal Commission on Health Care; he is reviewing interdepartmental administration of health services and cabinet-bureaucracy linkages through and around central agencies for health policy implementation.

Denis Stairs commenced a term as Vice-President (Academic and Research), Dalhousie University, on July 1, 1988.

Elizabeth Borgese has been made a Member of the Order of Canada.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER UNIVERSITY

Dr. Shiraz Dossa has joined the Department from the University of Calgary.

Dr. Phillip Wood is on sabbatical for the year.

UNIVERSITY OF CANTERBURY, NEW ZEALAND

The Political Science Department announces the introduction of a new course of study leading to the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Political Science, commencing with the 1989 academic year.

The programme requires the student to pass comprehensive examinations in any four of six fields: Comparative Politics, Political Theory, Political Behaviour and Methods, New Zealand Politics, Political Development and International Relations. Students will normally participate in field courses, designed to prepare them for these examinations. First-year students are also expected to enrol in a core seminar which will aid them in preparing their thesis projects and refining relevant academic skills.

Completed applications for admission to doctoral study commencing 27 February 1989 must be received by 1 February 1989. Further information and application materials may be obtained from Dr. Cary J. Nederman, Coordinator of Doctoral Studies, Department of Political Science, University of Canterbury, Christchurch, New Zealand.

AWARDS/BOURSES

TRENT UNIVERSITY

David Kettler received a $53,348 SSHRC grant for a Study of Corporate Self-Regulation in the Welfare State: politics and law in the constitution of labour regimes. He was awarded the University Research Award (1988).

Robert Campbell received a $34,211 SSHRC grant for a Study of Canada Post Corporation.

Eboe Hutchful received an $18,764 SSHRC grant for a Study of Oil, Ecology and Public Policy in Nigeria.

UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Donald Blake and Robert Jackson are currently on study leave, having been awarded UBC Killam Fellowships. Karl Holsti is continuing for a second year his leave as a Senior Killam Fellow.

Mark Zacher received the $5,000 Rickert Prize from Columbia University Press for the best book manuscript in the field of political economy.
AWARDS/BOURSES (cont'd/suite)

DALHOUSIE UNIVERSITY

Herman Bakvis was awarded a University Killam Fellowship.

Gilbert Winham was awarded a Canada Council Killam Research Fellowship. He has become a member of the International Trade Advisory Committee, 1988-90.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

Janice Stein is entering the third year of a project on international negotiation which has received funding of over $100,000 from the MacArthur Foundation.

Peter Russell and Joseph Fletcher, with Paul Sniderman (Stanford) and Philip Tetlock (Berkeley), are completing a $400,000 SSHRC funded study of what Canadians think about civil liberties and the Charter of Rights.

David Wolfe has received a two-year grant from the SSHRC to study “The Socio-Political Contexts of Technological Change: The Implications for Canada.”

Richard Stren is the recipient of a three-year grant of $441,000 from the IDRC to undertake initiatives to enhance the quality of scholarly publishing in African journals, and to promote collaboration between Canadian Africanists and African researchers.

Tom Pangle and Cliff Orwin have received funding from the John M. Olin Foundation to continue to provide doctoral and post-doctoral support for students in political theory.

UNIVERSITY OF SASKATCHEWAN

The last two Rhodes Scholars from Saskatchewan were both Honours graduates of the department. They were Jennifer Welsh (1987) and Jonathon Wilkinson (1988).

The first Queen Elizabeth II Scholarship in Parliamentary Studies was awarded to a 1988 Honours graduate in Political Studies from the University of Saskatchewan, Kenneth Cheveldayoff.

MCMASTER UNIVERSITY

William Coleman will commence a two-year leave in July 1989 to complete a SSHRC-funded research project on financial institutions in Britain, Canada, France and the United States.

L’ENTRAIDE UNIVERSITAIRE MONDIALE DU CANADA

A l’occasion du colloque "Le Monarque: le développement est-il possible dans un pays de guerre?" (les 3 et 4 février 1989 à l’Université du Québec à Montréal), l’Entraide universitaire mondiale du Canada lance un concours à l’intention des étudiants de niveau collégial et universitaire.

Quatre prix de 200$ chacun seront remis à deux étudiant-e-s (ou groupes de travail) de niveau collégial et deux étudiant-e-s (ou groupes de travail) de niveau universitaire pour les quatre meilleurs travaux présentés en vue du Colloque.


AMERICAN COUNCIL OF LEARNED SOCIETIES and the SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL


The program provides support for one academic year of training or research to be carried out at any university-based Russian and Soviet studies center in the United States or elsewhere. During the tenure of the award, fellows will (1) undertake a program of training related to the domestic and international aspects of 20th century Russia and the Soviet Union; or (2) undertake an individual research project in the same field.

The anticipated average award under the program will be US$25,000. Awards will be adjusted in accordance with the recipient’s age, academic rank, family circumstances, and local living costs. Institutional fees at the host center, as well as travel costs to and from the host institution, will be paid by the award.

Persons eligible to apply are citizens:

- of the countries in Africa, Latin America and the Caribbean, South and Southeast Asia, and other countries where Soviet studies are particularly underdeveloped;

- who hold a Ph.D. degree (or other qualifications acceptable for a university career) or have had equivalent professional experience when the fellowship commences;

- who are highly trained in any recognized field of social and behavioral sciences (anthropology, economics, history, international relations, political science, psychology, sociology) who wish to expand their knowledge of the Soviet Union.

Applicants who do not have a demonstrated capacity in the Russian language will be required to pursue a language training program during the tenure of the fellowship.

Application deadline: May 15, 1989

Announcement of awards: July 1, 1989

For further information, contact:

Social Science Research Council
International Fellowship Program for the Development of Soviet Studies
605 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10158, USA
(212) 661-0280

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NEWSBRIEF

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE INTERNSHIP PROGRAMME

Intern Allocations Fall 1988

Paul Davidson – Peter Adams, MPP (Peterborough)
Laura Farquharson – Shelley Martel, MPP (Sudbury East)
Karen James – Barbara Sullivan, MPP (Halton Centre)
Rosemary Hnatuk – Dianne Cunningham, MPP (London North)
Mark Langdon – Diane Poole, MPP (Eglinton)
Ashley McCall – David Cooke, MPP (Kitchener)
Chris Schnarr – Cam Jackson, MPP (Burlington South)
Brin Wylynko – Bud Wildman, MPP (Algoma)
Gemma Zecchiní – Howard Hampton, MPP (Rainy River)

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CARLETON UNIVERSITY

The Norman Paterson School of International Affairs invites applications for a tenure-track appointment, subject to budgetary approval, for the 1989-90 academic year at the rank of assistant professor. The position is in the field of international and/or comparative politics, and various regional specializations will be considered. Applicants should have a completed Ph.D. and a commitment to effective teaching and scholarly research.

The School offers an interdisciplinary graduate program leading to the degree of Master of Arts in International Affairs.

Applications, including a c.v. and the names of three referees, should be made by December 31, 1988, to Christopher J. Maule, Director, The Norman Paterson School of International Affairs, Carleton University, Colonel By Drive, Ottawa, Ontario K1S 5B6.

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Subject to budgetary consideration, the Department of Political Science seeks a candidate in the field of Canadian Government and Politics with special interest in federalism, constitutional politics and interest groups representation. Knowledge of provincial and/or local politics is desirable.

This is a tenure-track position at the rank of Assistant of Junior Associate Professor. Teaching experience, completed Ph.D., and demonstrated research capabilities are essential. While this is an English-language position, bilingualism (French and English) is an asset.

Applications, including c.v. and the names of three referees should be made by December 1, 1988, to Professor T. Rakowska-Harmstone, Chair, Department of Political Science, Carleton University, Ottawa, Ontario, K1S 5B6.

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HURON COLLEGE

The Department of Political Science invites applications for a one-year Limited Term appointment in Political Science at the level of Lecturer or Assistant Professor. The position requires the teaching of one section of Introductory Politics and two upper level courses in Canadian Politics. The position is contingent upon budgetary approval.

Applications should be sent to Dr. Gary Owens, Chairman, Department of History and Political Science, Huron College, 1349 Western Road, London, Ontario N6G 1N3, no later than December 8, 1988.

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TRENT UNIVERSITY

The Department of Political Science invites applications for two Sessional positions for the 1989-90 academic year in the field of International/Comparative Politics (developing countries).

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N.B. In accordance with Canadian Immigration requirements, priority will be given to Canadian citizens and permanent residents of Canada for positions listed above.
UNIVERSITE MCGILL UNIVERSITY

McGill University invites applications for a tenured-track position in Quebec Politics. The appointment will begin on September 1, 1989, and is at the level of Assistant or Associate Professor, with the possibility of a higher rank not precluded. Candidates must have a Ph.D., a strong research record, and a good command of French. Closing date for receipt of applications is February 15, 1989.

Applications, including a curriculum vitae, university transcripts and three letters of reference, should be sent to:

Professor Paul Noble, Chairman, Department of Political Science, McGill University, 855 Sherbrooke St. W., Montreal, Qc H3A 2T7

L'Université McGill sollicite des candidatures à un poste permanent pour l'enseignement de la politique québécoise. Le poste requiert les services d'un professeur adjoint ou agrégé qui entrera en fonction le 1er septembre 1989 (la possibilité de commencer à un rang supérieur n'est pas exclue). Le candidat doit avoir obtenu un doctorat, avoir fait preuve d'initiative et d'originalité dans le domaine de la recherche et être bilingue.

Les demandes d'emploi, incluant c.v., relevés de notes universitaires et trois lettres de recommandation, doivent nous parvenir avant le 15 février 1989.

Professeur Paul Noble, Directeur
Département de science politique
Université McGill
855, rue Sherbrooke Ouest
Montréal, Qc H3A 2T7

McMASTER UNIVERSITY

The Department of Political Science invites applications for a tenure-track or contractually limited appointment in International Relations. Candidates will be expected to have a completed (or nearly completed) Ph.D. and to have teaching and research interests in the Pacific Rim or North-South relations. The appointment will be at the Assistant Professor level, and will commence on July 1, 1989.

Applications, including c.v. and three letters of reference, should be sent to:

Professor Michael M. Atkinson, Chairman
Department of Political Science, McMaster University
Hamilton, Ontario L8S 4M4

Deadline: January 15, 1989

A tenure-stream appointment will be made at the Assistant Professor level, commencing July 1, 1989, in Labour Studies at McMaster University. Candidates will be expected to have a completed (or nearly completed) Ph.D. Candidates with interests in labour in the public sector, the resource sector, or the non-industrial sector, or in women's issues in labour studies will be particularly well qualified, but candidates with other specializations are encouraged to apply and will be considered. The successful candidate must qualify for appointment in one of the departments or schools of the Faculty of Social Sciences (including Anthropology, Economics, Political Science, Sociology, and Social Work). The normal teaching load is 15 units divided between courses in Labour Studies (BA and Honours programmes) and the Department or School to which he/she is appointed.

Applications, including c.v. and three letters of reference, should be sent to:

Dr. A.L. Robb, Director, Labour Studies Programme
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario L8S 4M4

Deadline: January 15, 1989

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

The Department of Political Science invites applications for a two-year limited term appointment with specializations in two of the following: Political Theory, Canadian, Comparative, International Relations and Public Policy/Administration.

Appointment commences September 1989.

Applications to:

The Chair, Department of Political Science
Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, B.C. V5A 1S6
Tel. 604-291-3838

Deadline: November 30, 1988

YORK UNIVERSITY

Applications are invited for an entry level, tenure-track appointment in International Relations, specialization in International Political Economy desirable. The position may involve graduate teaching and supervision, as well as undergraduate teaching and research. Requirements: Ph.D. or equivalent; demonstrated research and teaching abilities, and strong publication record.

N.B. In accordance with Canadian Immigration requirements, priority will be given to Canadian citizens and permanent residents of Canada for positions listed above.

York University (cont'd)

Applications, with c.v. and names of three referees, to: Professor L. Panitch, Chair, Department of Political Science, York University, 4700 Keele Street, North York, Ontario M3J 1P3.

Deadline: December 1, 1988. Appointment subject to budgetary approval.
George Grant was one of the great political thinkers of our age. If there is now a fertile terrain for political thought in Canada, it is in considerable measure due to his influence. He has made it possible for Canadians to think about the vision and experiences of the good that constitute their unique destiny.

But this is in no way to say that his greatness is confined to reflections on our distinctive fate. His powerfully evocative images and symbols were always intended to elicit those experiences which permit the occasional and rare transcendence of our historical situation. Love of the ancestral could in no way stand in for love of the good. His thought has been a vehicle for thinking through the universal themes of Western philosophy—law and justice, reason and revelation, language and power—and permitting us to see how our particular ways of life, understandings, and practices are necessarily invested with them.

Three annoying misconceptions about Grant’s work need to be laid to rest at this time. The first is the recurring desire to label Grant as a “conservative,” “nationalist,” “pessimist,” or “Red Tory.”

Like a Platonic dialogue, each of Grant’s writings is a specific cosmic. In each, Grant assumes a persona whose appearance can only be gauged by the desires, expectations, and abilities of the interlocutors or readers involved in the situation at hand. The persona is a mask which permits both ironic dissembling and the conveying of some profound tension. When Grant writes about the logic of empires, the sophistry of ideologies, or technological domination, he does so not as a provincial, a reactionary, or a Lodite. Instead, his reflections are intended to direct us towards the tension of our being—between our imperfection and rare intimations of perfection, between our bodies and our souls, between the good and one’s own, between ignorance and the experience of meaning. Woven throughout all his reflections—those on Diefenbaker, on abortion, on technology as destiny, on Celine, and on Vietnam—is, in fact, a meticulous sensitivity not only to the existential tension of our being, but also to the tension that constitutes the ontological context of our quest for meaning. As a good “Platonist,” Grant understood that the meaning of being is received and consented to by attention to particular things. By writing on what was closest, he sought to evoke the tension between these and the highest things.

The second misconception is that Grant’s work is not philosophic. This view has currency because his work is purportedly not “systematic,” or does not make the appropriate gestures towards “traditional” scholarship.

But to respond to this charge, Grant’s works are “meditations,” elaborately construed thought-trains whose powerful images are intended to cause recollection of fundamental experiences. Moreover, as a “public” philosopher, Grant has always written in a language that could be discussed and judged within the confines of common sense. Eschewing the technical jargon of “professional” philosophers has not meant a reduction in profundity of meaning, but instead has implied a recognition of the comity of mankind in its common ability to speak to the most important things. To be sure, this has not meant that, in the last analysis, common sense has not had to have recourse to the originating experiences to which it practically gives voice.
TRIBUTE TO GEORGE GRANT (cont'd)

Grant's meditations finally lead to the highest philosophical themes, but in his accounting of these matters, one must ascend to them from the vernacular in which he speaks, but which always points beyond itself. Only partial answer to the contemporary protocols of the discipline of philosophy would lead one to declare Grant's work "unphilosophic."

The third misconception runs in the opposite direction. Here Grant is identified with the type of excluded philosopher in an Epicurean garden whose inner sanctum can be accessed only by initiates. Some of those from whom Grant learned most seem to advance such a conception of philosophy. The inappropriateness of such a view can be measured by considering Grant's incisive assessment of Strauss and Kojève, and his clear assertion that the highest virtue is charity. Grant, unlike Strauss, does not believe that the political world needs to be governed by noble lies and preserved by ironic silences and salutary interventions. On the contrary, our political and moral duties can be recognized by the use of our reason, and the contemplative insights we have into divine goodness are intended to provide measures for governing our political worlds.

Needless to say, while accepting this Christian reconciliation of time and eternity and thus bringing philosophy down from the skies, Grant does not permit his reflections to derail into the immanentist, eschatological dreams of Kojève's Hegel. Man, in Grant's account, remains a creature and steward in the cosmos, and creation ex nihilo is left to the gods. He avoids the two lures of gnosticism—contempt for the world and exaggerated expectations of the mind's capacity. Accommodation to the world as it is, and thus the virtue of moderation, rather than defiance to the world as it appears, and hence the passion of innovation, was Grant's enduring principle. But this could be sustained only by philosophy—at work in finding the business of the world.

The failure to transcend these misconceptions renders it impossible to enter into rational conversation with Grant and to assess properly the enduring importance of his work. To think along with Grant requires imaginatively enacting experiences which guide us to the core of our humanism.

In Lament for a Nation (1965), Grant asked us to reflect on the ambiguity of Canada's effort to retain a distinctive way of life and orientation in the world in the midst of integrative continental powers. Liberal contractualism, in no way confined merely to the United States, had usurped the possibility of a way of life whose conditions were not subject to negotiation and pragmatic bargaining. The study, overtly on the demise of Diefenbaker, pointed to the philosophical themes that would preoccupy him throughout his life. This was followed the next year by Philosophy in the Mass Age, in which Grant believed it might be possible to forge a synthesis between the awe and reverence of antiquity on the one hand and the extraordinary technical achievements of modernity on the other. At its best, such a synthesis, he believed, would permit the universalisation of a just moral order. The expectation of bringing these together, permitting both our creatureliness and our creativity to inhabit the same domain, was however a false hope. Technology and Empire consisted of meditations on the unquestioning submission to the universalizing and homogenizing forces of technology. The promise of modernity, and one might say the worldly expectations of Christianity, had miscarried into a bland, passionless mediocrity. In Time as History, Grant explored the unfolding of our destiny—as beings denied access to eternity while embarked on a resolute path towards some culminating historical moment—to its Nietzschean conclusion and reflected on the burden which was acquired from Nietzsche's legacy. In English-Speaking Justice (1974), Grant brought together years of inquiry into the modern account of knowledge and its impotence in providing us with a firm measure in judging what we might do with our awesome technological ability. Finally, in Technology and Justice, Grant set us starkly possible the antinomies of revealed religion and classical rationalism—could be explored. In so doing, he—like Leo Strauss—set out a map for those for whom political philosophy was still a possibility. Unlike Strauss, Grant believed that philosophy could be morally edifying. By focusing his theoretical analysis on the faculty of the will, Grant's anthropology contained comprehensive accounts of human spontaneity, love, and commitment, as well as the hope which accompanies our recognition of contingency and meanness. In this, his accomplishment is to leave us with a spirit of courage, but also forgiveness, with which to respond to our dark times.

In Memoriam

Gilles Lalonde

Gilles Lalonde est décédé à Montréal le 14 septembre 1978. Monsieur Lalonde était licencié en sciences commerciales de l'Université de Montréal et docteur de l'Université de Cronoble (France). Comme diplomate canadien à l'étranger il a servi à Tokyo, ainsi qu'en Crête d'Ivoire, au Mali, au Haute-Volta et au Niger à titre d'ambassadeur. Il a également été professeur de relations internationales ainsi que directeur du Département des sciences politiques de l'Université de Montréal (65-76) et secrétaire conjoint de la Commission sur le millénaire et le biculturalisme (65-70). Comme membre de la Haute direction de l'Administration fédérale, il a été vice-président de l'Agence canadienne de développement international (76-78). Auteur de plusieurs ouvrages et publications, il est membre de la Société royale du Canada, docteur honoris causa de l'Université York et commandeur de l'Ordre national de la Haute-Volta.
PARLIAMENTARY INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

The Canadian Political Science Association, in collaboration with the Speaker of the House of Commons and the House Leaders, announces the competition for the Parliamentary Internship Program 1989-1990.

For the 1987-88 year, the Program's Patrons were:
The Canadian Life and Health Insurance Association and the Insurance Bureau of Canada (Level IV); Bell Canada, Canadian Cable Television Association, the Canadian Real Estate Association, and the Life Underwriters Association of Canada (Level I); and the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada (Special Administrative Patron).

Program: This work-study program has a three-fold aim. It provides back-bench Members of Parliament with highly qualified assistants. It gives university graduates an opportunity to supplement their theoretical knowledge of Parliament with practical experience of the day-to-day work of the Members. The graduates of the program are better able to make a significant contribution to Canadian public life.

The interns' responsibilities include working with Members of the House of Commons, conducting scholarly research, and undertaking study travel.

Eligibility: The internship program is open to Canadian citizens who are recent graduates of a Canadian university.

Tenure and Income: From September 1989 for a period of 10 months. Estimated $14,000 plus travel subsidies.

Application Deadline: We expect to offer 10 internships for 1989-1990. Completed applications must be received NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 31, 1988.

For further information and application forms, write to:

Dr. Conrad Winn, Director, Parliamentary Internship Program, Room D681, Loeb Building/Directeur, Programme de Stages Parlementaires, Place D681 Édifice Loeb, Université Carleton University, Ottawa, Ontario, K1S 5B6. (Tel. 613-564-6610)

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE INTERNSHIPS PROGRAMME

The Canadian Political Association, in collaboration with the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, announces the 14th competition for the Ontario Legislature Internships Programme. The programme is designed to provide backbench Members of the Legislative Assembly with highly qualified assistants. By giving the interns practical experience in the work of the Legislature, it provides them with the opportunity to supplement their academic training. The programme will thus contribute to a wider knowledge and understanding of the role of the Legislative Assembly.

An expected eight internships are open to recent graduates of a Canadian post-secondary institution who have an interest in and a knowledge of the legislative process, for a 10-month period from September 1989, with a stipend of $14,000 (under review). Completed applications must be received no later than January 27, 1989.

Information and application forms/Renseignements et formulaires de candidature:

Dr. Graham White, Director, Ontario Legislature Internships Programme/Directeur, Stages parlementaires à l'Assemblée législative de l'Ontario, c/o Department of Political Science, Erindale College, University of Toronto, Mississauga, Ontario L5L 1C6 (Tel. 416) 828-5229.


En 1987-88, le programme était subventionné par:
- l'Association canadienne des compagnies d'assurances de personnes et le Bureau des assurances du Canada (Niveau IV);
- Bell Canada, l'Association canadienne de télévision par câble, l'Association canadienne de l'immobilier, ainsi que l'Association des assureurs-vie du Canada (Niveau I);
- et le Conseil de recherches en sciences humaines du Canada (parrain administratif spécial).

Programme: Ce programme de travail et d'étude vise un triple objectif. Il fournit aux simples députés des adjoints hautement qualifiés. Il donne aux diplômés universitaires la possibilité de compléter leur connaissance théorique des institutions parlementaires par une expérience pratique des activités quotidiennes des députés. Les diplômés qui participent au programme peuvent ainsi contribuer plus efficacement à la vie publique canadienne.

Le stagiaire parlementaire travaille auprès des députés de la Chambre des communes, il effectue des travaux de recherches et des voyages d'étude.

Condition d'admissibilité: Avoir le citoyenneté canadienne et être récemment diplômé d'une université canadienne.

Durée et traitement: À compter de septembre 1989, pour une durée de 10 mois. Somme globale de 14,000$ plus frais de déplacement.


Pour obtenir des renseignements complémentaires et des formulaires d'inscription, écrire au:

Dr. Conrad Winn, Directeur, Programme de Stages Parlementaires, 1800, rue Laurier, bureau 112, Ottawa, Ontario, K1S 5B6. (Tel. 613) 996-5971.